

Tax relief for investment in the digital and green transition Review whether such tax relief could be used in the future and assess if the conditions are met. New tax relief for investment in the digital and green transition has been introduced, effective from 1 January 2022. Tax relief amounts to 40% of the amount representing investments in the digital transformation and green transition. These investments include investments in cloud computing, artificial intelligence and big data, and investments in environmentally friendly technologies, such as cleaner, cheaper, healthier public and private transport. Green transition also refers to decarbonization of the energy sector, energy efficiency of buildings and the introduction of other climate neutrality standards. Tax authorities have issued additional guidance on this subject in March 2023 - more information. Limitations to tax base reduction Keep the limitation of the tax base in mind planning for various tax reliefs in the next years since not all of them can be carried forward and should A general limitation of tax base reduction after utilization of tax reliefs and tax losses be utilized in the year when they occur. carried forward applies in Slovenia. The maximum reduction of the tax base from tax allowances and the tax losses carried forward is limited to 63% of the tax base for a tax period, which results in an effective minimum corporate tax rate of 7%. Taxation of employee equity compensation schemes Review and verify if tax reporting of such awards is implemented correctly within your company. Tax authorities have increased their focus on employee equity compensation schemes, such as stock options or restricted stock awards from abroad in recent years. Due to specific reporting procedures of such income in Slovenia, and whether or how social security contributions and taxes were paid, this has become one of their main focuses.

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9	Proposed changes of Companies act With the implementation of the EU Directive 2019/2121, i.e. Mobility Directive Slovenian government will supplement the existing provisions for cross-border mergers and implement new rules on cross-border divisions and cross-border restructurings of capital companies, which have not been regulated until now.	Review and take into account these changes in relation to any future cross-border restructuring.
10	Increase of minimum wage As of 1 January 2023, the minimum wage increased to EUR 1,203.36 (gross).	Review if any employees of the company are impacted by the increase and assess accordingly.
11)	Changes to parental leave From 1 April 2023 onwards, each parent has the right to parental leave for a duration of 160 days, whereby both, mother and father, can transfer 100 days of parental leave to the father, while 60 days are non-transferable. Moreover, paternity leave will be reduced from 30 to 15 days.	Review whether the company's employees are subject to this change and assess its potential impact.
12	Possible Double Tax Treaty suspension by Russia The Russian Ministry of Finance has proposed to President Putin to suspend all Double Tax Treaties with all countries that have imposed unilateral economic restrictive measures against Russia, aka "unfriendly countries". Slovenia falls in the group of "unfriendly countries".	Review the use of DTT with Russia, if applicable and plan for possible suspension.

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