

No. Fact Action

Minimum taxation under Pillar 2 rules

In December 2022, Council Directive (EU) 2022/2523 on ensuring a global minimum level of taxation for multinational enterprise (MNE) groups and large-scale domestic groups in the Union (the "Directive") was adopted aiming to ensure a minimum taxation of 15% for large corporations. On 27 June 2023, the Bulgarian Ministry of Finance published its drafts of a mid-term budget forecast for the period 2023-2025 ("Forecast"), together with the 2023 Budget Act amendments. In the Forecast it is provided that Bulgaria intends to introduce a "domestic top-up tax" from 1 January 2024 in adherence to the Directive.

There is no available legislative draft for the implementation of the rules and the exact approach on how the Directive will be transposed in Bulgaria remains unclear.

Bulgaria ratified the Multilateral Instrument (MLI) to modify its existing tax treaties

Bulgaria deposited its instrument of ratification for the MLI Convention in September 2022 and the latter has entered into force on 1 January 2023. The country elected to affect a significant part of its treaty network under the MLI and it has made use of several of the optional provisions. Some of the notable amendments concern the right to tax capital gains on transfer of shares in real estate rich Bulgarian entities by their foreign holding vehicles, as well as a number of measures tackling artificial avoidance of permanent establishments.

The ratification of the MLI could have a direct impact on exit plans in the real estate industry, as well as any foreign entities that sell goods on the Bulgarian market without being established through a local branch or a related distribution entity.

Furthermore, foreign tax residents claiming tax relief would likely have to evidence that they have not put in place an arrangement or transaction with the main objective of obtaining tax benefits under the treaty.

Aug Sep Oct Dec



Historically in Bulgaria, the distribution of interim dividends (i.e., dividend distribution prior to year-end, based on current year profit) has been contested by the tax authorities and treated as hidden profit distribution. In a recent non-binding ruling issued by the Bulgarian tax administration on the topic from 9 June 2022, the tax authorities have acknowledged that distribution of dividends in advance could be tax compliant under certain conditions.

Although the tax ruling is non-binding it could provide a source of guidance as it also refers to a certain court practice and its interpretation is expected to be followed by the tax administration.



No. **Fact** Action Treatment of debt financing instrument income Taxpayers who have obtained financing through debt financing instruments should carefully review the correct characterization of income. In a recent judgment from May 2023, the Supreme Administrative Court adjudicated in favor of the foreign taxpayer who attempted to obtain WHT relief on income accrued under a debt financing instrument. The tax administration had regarded the income as interest and imposed WHT on such income disputing the foreign taxpayer was not the beneficial owner. The court ruled in favor of the taxpayer reviewing the beneficial ownership criteria, but also recharacterizing the income as such from capital gains. Introduction of VAT bad-debt relief The new rules will allow consumer facing businesses to obtain VAT relief for bad debt with relation to their taxable supplies. Nevertheless, From 1 January 2023, a right to adjust the tax base in case of total or partial nonthe procedure and requirements in obtaining this tax relief require certain payment of the supply (the so-called bad debt relief) was introduced in Bulgaria. reporting formalities, which should be adhered to. Businesses should This will allow a supplier who has not received payment from his customer to refund assess whether they meet the criteria and whether they have the the tax charged and paid into the budget for the supplied good or service. The new necessary internal procedures which would allow them to be eligible provisions regulate the rules for documenting the adjustment of the tax base,

for this relief.

Specific documentary amendments to export requirements for VAT

the tax credit deducted by the recipient, etc.

Special rules have been introduced from 1 January 2023 for the declaration of export of goods by a supplier not established in the EU.

the conditions for such adjustment, exceptions, as well as the procedure for adjusting

Taxpayers should review their current export arrangements and update their internal document gathering procedures, where needed.





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